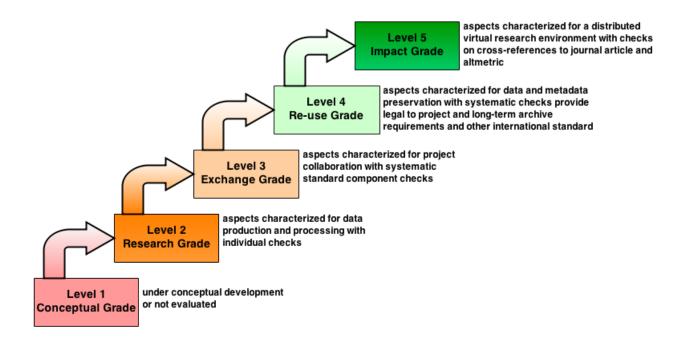
# Quality Maturity Matrix (Version 03.04.2014)

Characteristics of Data and Metadata Quality Assurance Maturity Levels



Different criteria are defined, which are subdivided into aspects. For every aspect the 5 maturity quality levels are defined.

## The Criteria are (Version 03.04.2014):

### Consistency

- Data Organisation
- Versioning (inherent persistency of data)
- Controlled Vocabularies (CV)
- Data Object
- Data-Metadata Consistency
- Data internal Consistency
- Data temporal Consistency if applicable
- Data spatial Consistency if applicable
- Data thematic Consistency if applicable

## Completeness

- Availability of Data
- Availability of Metadata

• Persistency of Data

### Accessibility

- Technical Data Access (Identifier)
- Metadata Access
- Access Constraints
- Preservation (retain) Persistency of Access

### Provenance

- Provenance Metadata
- Technical Provenance: PID (Lineage)

### Accuracy

- Plausibility
- Statistical Anomalies

## Usability

- Data Suitability
- Understandability/Use Constraints Data Object
- Operability/Use Constraints Discovery, Access
- Operability/Use Constraints Data Services
- Attractiveness
- Data Annotation (by other scientists)
- Citation Recommendation

### State of the Quality Assessment System

The Quality Assessment System is currently developed. The information on this page will be updated as progress is made. Comments and suggestions are welcome.

# Level 1 Conceptual Grade

Characteristics: under conceptual development or not evaluated

**Consistency:** conceptional development

• **Controlled Vocabularies (CV)**: simple or CV project requirements documented in <u>data</u> <u>management plan</u>

Usability: conceptual development

• Attractiveness: scientific questions

# Level 2 Research Grade

# Characteristics: aspects characterized for data production and processing with individual checks

**Consistency:** 

- **Data Organisation:** informal data organisation
- Versioning (inherent persistency of data): informal versioning, data might be overwritten
- **Controlled Vocabularies (CV):** informal CV
- **Data Object:** informal file names and extensions
- Data-Metadata Consistency: basic metadata are correct
- Data internal Consistency: missing values are indicated e.g. with fill values

### **Completeness:**

- Availability of Data: data is in production, available for production group
- Availability of Metadata: basic documentation by researcher
- **Persistence of Data:** data may be deleted or overwritten

### Accessibility:

- Technical Data Access (Identifier): accessible by name for production group
- Metadata Access:accessible for production group
- Access Constraints: production group

### **Provenance:**

- **Provenance Metadata:** who (creator), what (names) + identifier + data life-cycle unsystematically documented
- **Technical Provenance: PID (Lineage):** consequent usage of identifier e.g. file names or more sophisticated like PIDs

### Accuracy:

- **Plausibility:** documented procedure about methodological and technical sources of errors and deviation/inaccuracy
- Statistical Anomalies: documented procedure about rough errors (outliers, missing data)

### Usability:

- Data Suitability: feasibility of converting data metadata into project required versions
- Understandability/Use Constraints Data Object: usable for few scientists: format, variable names

- **Operability/Use Constraints Discovery, Access:** discovery and access needs additional knowledge
- Operability/Use Constraints Data Services: basic user documentation on data services
- Attractiveness: scientific questions
- Data Annotation (by other scientists): personal contact
- Citation Recommendation: on request

# Level 3 Exchange Grade

Characteristics: aspects characterized for project collaboration with systematic standard component checks

### **Consistency:**

- Data Organisation: feasibility of extraction and regridding
- Versioning (inherent persistency of data): systematic versioning, no data overwritten
- Controlled Vocabularies (CV): formal CV of standard components are correct
- **Data Object:** size and checksum of standard components are correct, file names, extensions and format are correct
- Data-Metadata Consistency: standard components to a documented procedure are correct
- Data internal Consistency: missing values are indicated e.g. with fill values

#### **Completeness:**

- Availability of Data: data entities are available, not complete, available for project members
- Availability of Metadata: extended metadata is available + checksum + data reference
- **Persistence of Data:** data may be deleted but not overwritten

#### Accessibility:

- **Technical Data Access (Identifier):** accessible by domain (data archive) specific identifier for production group and selected users
- Metadata Access: access constraints + extended metadata of basic components and checksums are accessible
- Access Constraints: access granted by production group
- Preservation (retain) Persistency of Access: continuous access

### **Provenance:**

- **Provenance Metadata:** who (creator, contact), what (names) + identifier + datasets data life-cycle basically documented, e.g. in data headers
- **Technical Provenance: PID (Lineage):** identifier used and mapping (bijective) to objects documented e.g. PIDs in data header

#### Accuracy:

- **Plausibility:** documented procedure about methodological and technical sources of errors and deviation/inaccuracy
- **Statistical Anomalies:** documented procedure about rough errors (outliers, missing data) + documented procedure about systematic errors (changes in mean, variance and trends)

### Usability:

- **Data Suitability:** suitable for project objective + almost all data metadata meet requirements of project
- Understandability/Use Constraints Data Object: usable for research community: format, standardized variable names
- **Operability/Use Constraints Discovery, Access:** discovery for research community: naming conventions, file size appropriate or size-reducing services in place
- **Operability/Use Constraints Data Services:** basic standardized documentation of data services available + user support
- Attractiveness: downloads>0 project use
- Data Annotation (by other scientists): point of contact available
- Citation Recommendation: documented

## Level 4 Re-use Grade

Characteristics: aspects characterized for data and metadata preservation with systematic checks provide legal to project and long-term archive requirements and other international standard

Consistency: score 3 +

- **Data Organisation**: structured according to well-defined rules
- Versioning (inherent persistency of data): systematic versioning collection, no data overwritten, old versions stored
- Controlled Vocabularies (CV): formal CV of almost all data are correct
- **Data Object:** size and checksum of almost all data are correct + data format acceptable self-descriptive with format curation
- **Data-Metadata Consistency:** almost all components to a documented procedure are correct + data header and content are consistent
- **Data internal Consistency:** missing values are indicated e.g. with fill values + outliers concerning limits are documented
- Data temporal Consistency if applicable: temporal behaviour concerning limits is documented
- **Data spatial Consistency if applicable:** horizontal and vertical behaviour concerning limits is documented
- **Data thematic Consistency if applicable:** scientific consisteny among multiple data sets and their relationships is documented

### **Completeness:**

- Availability of Data: data entities are available and complete (dynamic datasets data stream not affected) number of data sets (aggregation) are correct
- Availability of Metadata: standard metadata is available + checksum + citation metadata with PID
- **Persistence of Data:** reused data are persistent, as long as long-term archive exists or registration of persistent identifier requires, minimum 10 years (see rules of good scientific practice)

### Accessibility:

- **Technical Data Access (Identifier):** accessible by persistent identifier (PID) registrated with resolving to data access for reusers + full recovery (backup)
- Metadata Access: access constraints + standard metadata format and checksum accessible + full recovery (backup)
- Access Constraints: reusers as open as possible within the framework of the legal possibilities and Privacy Policy
- **Preservation (retain) Persistency of Access:** as long as long-term archive exists or registration of persistent identifier requires minimum 10 years see rules of good scientific practice + maintenance and updates of access services

### **Provenance:**

- **Provenance Metadata:** data type + Scientific Quality Assurance (approval + review) + who(creator, contact, publisher), what (title), how (method) + what for search and discovery + detailed description of data production steps available
- **Technical Provenance: PID (Lineage):** PID provenance access supported with persistent objects

### Accuracy:

- **Plausibility:** documented procedure about methodological and technical sources of errors and deviation/inaccuracy + documented procedure with validation against independent data
- Statistical Anomalies: documented procedure about rough errors (outliers, missing data) + documented procedure about systematic (changes in mean, variance and trends) errors + documented procedure about random errors

### Usability:

- **Data Suitability:** documentation of data analysis e.g. diagnostics on structure: phenomena + regional structure etc.
- Understandability/Use Constraints Data Object: self-describing data objects, fully machine-readable
- **Operability/Use Constraints Discovery, Access:** discovery for research community: naming conventions, file size appropriate or size-reducing services in place + user-friendliness of portals and download services and support team
- **Operability/Use Constraints Data Services:** full standardized documentation of data services available + user support

- Attractiveness: downlaods>0 scientific and commercial use
- Data Annotation (by other scientists): user annotations or forums supported
- **Citation Recommendation:** standardized and persistent (including data)

# Level 5 Impact Grade

Characteristics: aspects characterized for a distributed virtual research environment with checks on cross-references to journal article and altmetric

**Consistency:** score 4 +

- Data Organisation: structured according to standardized rules
- Versioning (inherent persistency of data): documentation of not included newer versions
- Controlled Vocabularies (CV): CV standardized
- **Data Object:**continuous update/addition of external references, e.g. scientific publications + consistent to external scientific objects and up-to-date
- **Data-Metadata Consistency:** external metadata and data are correct with continuous update of external metadata
- Data internal Consistency: discussion in journal articles
- Data temporal Consistency if applicable: discussion in journal articles
- Data spatial Consistency if applicable: discussion in journal articles
- Data thematic Consistency if applicable: discussion in journal articles

Completeness: score 4 +

- Availability of Data: score 4
- Availability of Metadata: PID Data Description Document with cross references + annotations and other sources of feedback continuously updated
- **Persistence of Data:** score 4

Accessibility: score 4 +

- **Technical Data Access (Identifier):** accessibility within other data infrastructures including cross references
- Metadata Access: score 4
- Access Constraints: exchange of access constraints with external data infrastructures
- **Preservation (retain) Persistency of Access:** modernisation of access services and accessibility within different data infrastructures

### Provenance: score 4 +

- **Provenance Metadata:** who (re-use with citation) + cross references + standard level system + data life-cycle available including internal and external objects e.g. software, articles
- **Technical Provenance: PID (Lineage):** external PID references supported + provenance chain

Accuracy: score 4 +

- Plausibility: references to evaluation results (data) and methods
- Statistical Anomalies: score 4

Usability: score 4 +

- **Data Suitability:** documented in journal article
- Understandability/Use Constraints Data Object: references to sources
- **Operability/Use Constraints Discovery, Access:** other scientific objects discoverable and accessible
- **Operability/Use Constraints Data Services:** information on external sources of information
- Attractiveness: reuse of data in scientific publications with citations
- Data Annotation (by other scientists): user annotation service in place
- Citation Recommendation: relations between data versions available